



Entrance Test: Master in Management
September 11, 2016
Duration: 2h 40min.

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Part 1: Writing Assessment. Duration: 30min. - 20 points

Part 2: Critical Reading. 30 questions - 30 points. Indicative time: 30 min.

Part 3: Writing Skills. 20 questions - 20 points. Indicative time: 20 min.

Part 4: Problem solving & Quantitative reasoning. 20 questions- 20 points - Indicative time: 45 min.

Part 5: General Knowledge in Management & Foundations of Economics. 40 questions- 20 points - Indicative time: 45 minutes

At the end of Part 1, please remain seated while we collect your exam sheet. Then we will distribute the exam subject for the following part of the exam.

Part 1: Writing Assessment
Duration: 30 min. - 20 points

2 pages maximum

Please use the exam sheet to write your essay. *(Do not forget to indicate your first and last name on the exam sheet!)*

Directions: On your exam copy, write a clear logical and well organized response to the following question. Your response should be in the form of a short essay. Your answer should not exceed 2 pages. Write legibly. Essays that are illegible or are written on a topic other than the one outlined in the question will not be scored.

Over the past year, China has invested in Cambodia over six times more than any other country and contributed almost 20% of Cambodia's investment total. Discuss the political and economic impact that this investment might have for Cambodia's citizens.

Part 2: Critical Reading 30 Questions - 30 Points Indicative time; 30 min.

Each of the following sentences contains one or two blanks; each blank indicates that a word or set of words have been left out. Below the sentence are four words or phrases, lettered A through D. Select the word or set of words that best complete the sentence.

Example: Effective journalists can predict _____ respond to a story.

(A) do their readers (B) how will their readers (C) how their readers will (D) of their readers

1. Auto-immune disease is a general term for several disorders _____ the body produces antibodies against its own substances.

- A. in which B. which C. in that D. how

2. Australia's first punishment colony, _____, was at Sydney

- A. it was often called Botany Bay B. often called Botany Bay C. Botany Bay was often called
D. often calling Botany Bay

3. While some monarchs tried to prohibit coffee, Frederick the Great of Prussia _____ it.

- A. had decide to simply tax B. to decide simply taxing C. simply decided to tax
D. simply deciding to tax

4. _____ information is encoded effectively in the memory, it may not be easily recalled when necessary.

- A. The B. Unless C. That D. So that

5. The sea fig's scientific name means "blooming at midday" and seldom _____ unless it receives full sun.

- A. flowers B. does it flower C. it flowers D. flowering

6. When transplanting a fern, make sure that the hole is _____ for the roots to spread out.

- A. wide enough B. widely enough C. enough wide D. enough wider than

7. Prehistoric tribes had _____ of men over age forty to serve in positions of leadership.

- A. only a small number B. a small number only C. an only small number
D. the small number was only

8. Soil-covered lava lands usually support a normal forest _____ enough water.

- A. if there is B. or if there is C. there has been D. there is also

9. A new kind of civilization came into being around 3000 B.C., based not on superior agricultural lands _____ superior location for trade.

- A. but on B. but also C. based on having D. having

10. People _____ how light behaves thousands of years ago.
A. must have begun observing B. must began to observe C. must to begin to observe
D. must begin observing
11. Many people find the collie as beautiful _____.
A. than the bulldog is ugly B. that the bulldog is ugly C. as the bulldog is ugly
D. as ugly as the bulldog
12. The belief that a person in his early twenties ought to have a firm occupational choice reflects _____ that development is complete by the end of adolescence.
A. the prevailing view B. the prevailed view C. the view prevailed
D. this view is prevailing
13. A good college history textbook includes _____ about history.
A. every student knowing B. should every student know C. in that every student know
D. what every student should know
14. On the Galapagos Island _____ the forty thousand breeding pairs of the blue-footed booby.
A. half live B. the half live C. live half of D. half of living
15. It is _____ rather than shortfalls of precipitation alone that cause water shortages.
A. deficits in the net amount of water B. because deficits in the net amount of water
C. with deficits in the net amount of water D. deficits in the net amount of water are
16. On moonless nights, it is _____ without some form of artificial light.
A. very dark to see B. too dark to see C. seeing too dark D. enough dark to see
17. A study showed that most men reported fatherhood is _____ to them.
A. extreme importantly B. extreme important C. extremely importance
D. of extreme importance
18. _____ a unicycle usually requires more practice than learning to swim.
A. To learn riding B. When you learn to ride C. Learning to ride D. That riding
19. _____ of the three primary colors of light, it is possible to produce all other colors.
A. Combine the light sources B. The light sources combining C. Combining the light sources
D. It is combining the light sources
20. Spray cans produce an aerosol which is _____.
A. spraying of very fine B. a spray very fine C. very a fine spray D. a very fine spray
21. In fourth gear, _____ are engaged, and transmission goes directly from the clutch to the differential.
A. not only gear wheels B. no gear wheels C. not gear wheels D. gear wheels not

Questions 22 through 24 are based on the following passage

According to sociologists, there are several different ways in which a person may become recognized as the leader of a social group in the United States. In the family, traditional cultural patterns confer leadership on one or both of the parents. In other cases,
Line such as friendship groups, one or more persons may gradually emerge as leaders, although
(5) there is no formal process of selection. In larger groups, leaders are usually chosen formally through election or recruitment.

Although leaders are often thought to be people with unusual personal ability, decades of research have failed to produce consistent evidence that there is any category of "natural leaders." It seems that there is no set of personal qualities that all leaders have in common;
(10) rather, virtually any person may be recognized as a leader if the person has qualities that meet the needs of that particular group.

Furthermore, although it is commonly supposed that social groups have a single leader, research suggests that there are typically two different leadership roles that are held by different individuals. Instrumental leadership is leadership that emphasizes the completion
(15) of tasks by a social group. Group members look to instrumental leaders to "get things done." Expressive leadership, on the other hand, is leadership that emphasizes the collective well-being of a social group's member. Expressive leaders are less concerned with the overall goals of the group than with providing emotional support to group members and attempting to minimize tension and conflict among them. Group members
(20) expect expressive leaders to maintain stable relationships within the group and provide support to individual members.

Instrumental leaders are likely to have a rather secondary relationship to other group members. They give orders and may discipline group members who inhibit attainment of the group's goals. Expressive leaders cultivate a more personal or primary relationship to
(25) others in the group. They offer sympathy when someone experiences difficulties or is subjected to discipline, are quick to lighten a serious moment with humor, and try to resolve issues that threaten to divide the group. As the differences in these two roles suggest, expressive leaders generally receive more personal affection from group members; instrumental leaders, if they are successful in promoting group goals, may enjoy a more distant respect

22. What does this passage mainly discuss?

- A. The problems faced by leaders. B. How leadership differs in big and small groups.
C. How social groups determine who will lead them. D. The roles of leaders in social groups

23. The passage mentions all of the following ways by which people can become leaders EXCEPT

- A. recruitment B. formal election process
C. specific leadership training D. traditional cultural patterns

24. Which of the following statements about leadership can be inferred from paragraph 2.

- A. A person who is an effective leader of a particular group may not be an effective leader in another group.
B. Few people succeed in sharing a leadership role with another person.
C. A person can best learn how to be an effective leader by studying research on leadership.

D. Most people desire to be leaders but can produce little evidence of their qualifications.

Questions 25 through 27 are based on the following passage

Erik Ericson believed that personality development is a series of turning points, which he described in terms of a tension between desirable qualities and dangers. He emphasized that only when the positive qualities outweigh the dangers does healthy psychosocial development take place.

An important turning point occurs around age six. A child entering school is at a point in development when behavior is dominated by intellectual curiosity and performance. He or she learns to win recognition by producing things. The child develops a sense of industry. The danger at this stage is that the child may experience feelings of inadequacy or inferiority. If the child is encouraged to make and do things, allowed to finish tasks, and praised for trying, a sense of industry is the result. On the other hand, if the child's efforts are unsuccessful, or if they are criticized or treated as bothersome, a sense of inferiority is the result. For these reasons, Erikson called the period from age six to eleven *Industry vs. Inferiority*.

25. According to Erikson's theory, what desirable quality should develop in a child six to eleven years old?

- A. A liking for school B. A feeling of inadequacy C. An ability to finish tasks
D. A sense of industry

26. According to Erikson's theory, what will happen if a child is criticized?

- A. The child will dislike his teacher. B. The child will avoid other children.
C. The child will try harder to win recognition. D. The child will feel inferior.

27. *Industry vs. Inferiority* is an example of

- A. a tension between a positive quality and a danger B. intellectual curiosity
C. the difference between a child of six and a child of eleven D. an educational theory

Questions 28 through 30 are based on the following passage

A snowfall consists of myriads of minute ice crystals that fall to the ground in the form of frozen precipitation. The formation of snow begins with these ice crystals in the subfreezing strata of the middle and upper atmosphere when there is an adequate *Line* supply of moisture present. At the core of every ice crystal is a minuscule nucleus, a solid particle of matter around which moisture condenses and freezes. Liquid water droplets floating in the supermodel atmosphere and free ice crystals cannot coexist within the same cloud, since the vapor pressure of ice is less than that of water. This enables the ice crystals to rob the liquid droplets of their moisture and grow continuously.

The process can be very rapid, quickly creating sizable ice crystals, some of which adhere to each other to create a cluster of ice crystals or a snowflake. Simple flakes possess a variety of beautiful forms, usually hexagonal, though the symmetrical shapes reproduced in most microscope photography of snowflakes are not usually found in actual snowfall. Typically, snowflakes in actual snowfalls consist of broken fragments and clusters of adhering ice crystals.

For a snowfall to continue once it starts, there must be a constant inflow of moisture to supply the nuclei. This moisture is supplied by the passage of an airstream over a water surface and its subsequent lifting to higher regions of the atmosphere. The Pacific Ocean is the source of moisture for most snowfalls west of the Rocky Mountains, while the Gulf of Mexico and the Atlantic Ocean feed water vapor into the air currents over the central and eastern sections of the United States. Other geographical features also can be the source of moisture for some

snowstorms. For example, areas adjacent to the Great Lakes experience their own unique lake-effect storms, employing a variation of the process on a local scale. In addition, mountainous sections or rising terrain can initiate snowfalls by the geographical lifting of a moist airstream.

28. What is the main topic of the second paragraph?

- A. How ice crystals form
- B. How moisture affects temperature
- C. What happens when ice crystals melt
- D. Where the moisture to supply the nucleus comes from

29. How do lake-effect snowstorms form?

- A. Water temperatures drop below freezing
- B. Moisture rises from a lake into the airstream.
- C. Large quantities of wet air come off a nearby mountain
- D. Millions of ice crystals form on the surface of a large lake.

30. Which of the following could account for the lack of snowfall in a geographical location close to mountains and a major water source?

- A. ground temperatures below the freezing point
- B. too much moisture in the air
- C. too much wind off the mountains
- D. atmospheric temperatures above the freezing point

Part 3: Writing Skills 20 Questions - 20 Points Indicative Time: 20 min.

The sentences in this section contain errors in grammar, usage, choice of words, or idioms. Each sentence contains just one error. Some words or phrases are under lined and lettered; everything else in the sentence is correct.

Identify the one underlined word or phrase that must be changed in order for the sentence to be correct

Example : The region has a climate so severe that plants growing there rarely had been more than twelve inches high.

A. B. C. D.

1. Methane is a odorless burning gas and is the main ingredient of natural gas.

- A. B. C. D.

2. The Miocene Period, lasting from 25 to 11 millions years ago, saw the further elaboration of mammals

and the development of the anthropoid ape.

A. B. C. D.

3. Our skulls is made up of eight cranial and fourteen facial bones

- A. B. C. D.

4. The first bicycles were pushed along by the feet, and it was not until 1839 that Kirkpatrick Macmillian,

16. Australia is the flattest and dry of all the continents, as well as the oldest and most isolated.

A. B. C. D.

17. Because their locations on trade routes between Europe and the Mediterranean, Venice Genoa and

A. B.

Florence flourished as trade with China and India expanded.

C. D.

18. Air heated on the surface of the earth tends to raise as an invisible column through surrounding cooler

A. B. C. D.

air.

19. Garlic has been hailed for its ability to lower cholesterol, reducing the risk of cancer, boost immunity

A. B. C.

and curb high blood pressure.

D.

20. Less women than men are attracted to careers in the physical sciences, even though there are now

A. B. C.

more women in the sciences than ever before.

D.

ROYAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW AND ECONOMICS ANSWER SHEET

Name:

PART II: CRITICAL READING

Question #	A	B	C	D
1	A	B	C	D
2	A	B	C	D
3	A	B	C	D
4	A	B	C	D
5	A	B	C	D
6	A	B	C	D
7	A	B	C	D
8	A	B	C	D
9	A	B	C	D
10	A	B	C	D
11	A	B	C	D
12	A	B	C	D
13	A	B	C	D
14	A	B	C	D
15	A	B	C	D
16	A	B	C	D
17	A	B	C	D
18	A	B	C	D
19	A	B	C	D
20	A	B	C	D
21	A	B	C	D
22	A	B	C	D
23	A	B	C	D
24	A	B	C	D
25	A	B	C	D
26	A	B	C	D
27	A	B	C	D
28	A	B	C	D
29	A	B	C	D
30	A	B	C	D

PART III - WRITING SKILLS

Question #	A	B	C	D
1	A	B	C	D
2	A	B	C	D
3	A	B	C	D
4	A	B	C	D
5	A	B	C	D
6	A	B	C	D
7	A	B	C	D
8	A	B	C	D
9	A	B	C	D
10	A	B	C	D
11	A	B	C	D
12	A	B	C	D
13	A	B	C	D
14	A	B	C	D
15	A	B	C	D
16	A	B	C	D
17	A	B	C	D
18	A	B	C	D
19	A	B	C	D
20	A	B	C	D



ROYAL UNIVERSITY
OF LAW AND ECONOMICS



FACULTY OF ECONOMICS AND MANAGEMENT

French Department in Economics and Management

Entrance Exam

Duration 1h30

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9/11/2016

Part 4: Problem solving & Quantitative reasoning

20 points - Indicative time: 45 minutes

Part 5: General Knowledge in Management & Foundations of Economics

20 points - Indicative time: 45 minutes

Please write your answers on the answers sheet.

Part 4: Problem solving & Quantitative reasoning

1. Which of the following must be odd?
 - a. The sum of an odd and an even number
 - b. The sum of a positive and negative number
 - c. The difference between two even number
 - d. The quotient of two even numbers
 - e. The product of an odd and an even number
2. What number must be added to 6, 16 and 8 to get an average of 13?
 - a. 22
 - b. 25
 - c. 20
 - d. 18
3. 10 cats caught 10 rats in 10 seconds. How many cats are required to catch 100 rats in 100 seconds?
 - a. 100
 - b. 10
 - c. 20
 - d. 50
4. A student is ranked 13th from right and 8th from left. How many students are there in total?
 - a. 18
 - b. 19
 - c. 20
 - d. 21
5. If \$1000 is placed into account X, yielding 10% interest compounded annually and \$1000 is placed into account Y using 10% simple annual interest, how much more will be in account X than in account Y at the end of 5 years?
 - a. \$0
 - b. \$100
 - c. \$110.51
 - d. \$133.31
 - e. \$146.41
6. If 28 cans of soda cost \$21.00, then 7 cans of soda should cost-?
 - a. \$5.25
 - b. \$5.50
 - c. \$6.40
 - d. \$7.00
 - e. \$10.50
7. For the final step in a calculation, Dara accidentally divided by 1000 instead of multiplying by 1000. What should he do to his answer to correct it?
 - a. Multiply it by 1000.
 - b. Multiply it by 100,000.
 - c. Multiply it by 1,000,000.
 - d. Square it.
 - e. Double it.

8. A store owner marked an item for \$50. When he sold the item at a 10% discount, he made a 20% profit. What was the original cost of the item?
- \$36.00
 - \$37.50
 - \$39.00
 - \$40.00
 - \$40.09
9. If $2x + y = 10$ and $x = 3$, what is $x - y$?
- 4
 - 1
 - 0
 - 1
 - 7
10. If $y/x = 1/3$ and $x + 2y = 10$, then x is- ?
- 2
 - 3
 - 4
 - 5
 - 6
11. Dina weights twice as much as Marineth. Marineth's weight is 60% of Rotha's weight. Vichet weights 50% of Sopheak's weight. Sopheak weights 190% of Dina's weight. Which of these 5 persons weight the least?
- Rotha
 - Vichet
 - Dina
 - Sopheak
 - Marineth.
12. Dina and Vichet both work for the same sales company. Dina's commission rate is 20%, and Vichet's commission rate is 30%. If Dina sold \$55,000 worth of goods and Vichet sold \$80,000 worth of goods, what is their combined average commission rate?
- 15%
 - 24.1%
 - 25%
 - 25.9%
 - 35%
13. Machine A produce 1000 widgets in 5 hours. Machine B produces 450 widgets in 3 hours. While working together at their respective rates, how long will it take the machines to produce 2000 widgets?
- $4\frac{4}{9}$ hours
 - 5 hours
 - $5\frac{9}{20}$ hours
 - $5\frac{5}{7}$ hours
 - 6 hours

14. Marineth invests \$1200 at 5% interest. How much additional money must she invest at 8% so that her total annual income will be equal to 6% of her entire investment?
- \$500
 - \$600
 - \$1200
 - \$1500
 - \$1800
15. What is the value of $2x^2 - 3x - 7$ when $x = -5$?
- 28
 - 42
 - 58
 - 78
 - 108
16. If it is now September, what month will it be 555 months from now?
- April
 - June
 - September
 - November
 - December
17. Marineth inherited 40% of her father's estate. After paying a tax equal to 30% of her inheritance, what percent of her father's estate did she own?
- 10%
 - 12%
 - 25%
 - 28%
 - 30%
18. If 5 women or 8 girls can do a work in 84 days. In how many days can 10 women and 5 girls can do the same work?
- 32 days
 - 48 days
 - 52 days
 - 38 days
19. The French cooperation program in Economics has 850 students, and the ratio of the number of students taking French to the number of not taking French is 4:3. How many of the students take French?
- 280
 - 360
 - 480
 - 560
 - 630
20. Marineth told Dina, "The girl I met yesterday was the youngest daughter of the brother-in-law of my friend's mother." How is the girl related to Marineth's friend?
- Niece
 - Cousin
 - Friend
 - Daughter

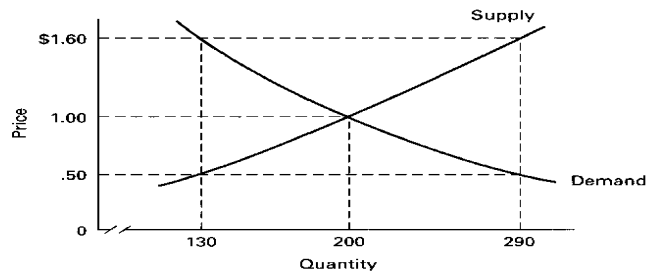
Part 5: General Knowledge in Management & Foundations of Economics

21. **The fundamental problem of economics is:**
- To establish a democratic political framework for the smooth operation of the government.
 - The establishment of prices that reflect the relative scarcities of products and resources.
 - Dealing with the scarcity of productive resources relative to an unlimited number of economic wants.
 - What do I do to get out of poverty?
22. **In a free market _____**
- governments intervene
 - governments plan production
 - governments interfere
 - price adjust to reconcile scarcity and desires
23. **Which of the following is a microeconomic statement?**
- The real Cambodian output increased by 2.5 percent last year.
 - Unemployment was 6.8 percent of Cambodian labor force last year.
 - The price of personal computer declined last year.
 - The general price level (inflation) increased by 4 percent last year.
24. **The problems of aggregate (at the national level) inflation and unemployment are:**
- Major topics of macroeconomics
 - Not relevant to the U.S. economy
 - Major topics of microeconomics
 - Peculiar to socialistic economies.
25. **If two goods are complements (like pepperoni pizza and beer):**
- They are consumed independently.
 - An increase in the price of one will increase the demand for the other.
 - A decrease in the price of one will increase the demand for the other.
 - They are necessarily inferior goods.
26. **The three basic legal forms of business enterprise are:**
- Monopolists, price fixers, and rip-off artists.
 - Proprietorships, partnerships, and corporations.
 - Vertical, horizontal, and conglomerate corporations
 - Conglomerates, multinationals, and partnerships.
27. **If a corporation goes bankrupt, its stockholders will lose:**
- Only the value of their stock.
 - The value of their stock plus any other business assets they may own.
 - The value of their stock plus any other personal assets they may own.
 - The value of their stock plus any other business and personal assets they may own.
28. **Revenue is generally recognised as being earned at the point of time, when**
- Sale is affected
 - Production is complete
 - Cash is received
 - In financial year
29. **A Joint Stock Company is managed by the Board of Directors elected by _____**
- Top management
 - Shareholders
 - Employees of company
 - None of the above

- 30. Technological advance in a three-step process involving:**
- Invention, duplication, and diffusion.
 - Duplication, innovation, and diversity
 - Invention, innovation, and diffusion
 - Necessity, invention, and satisfaction
- 31. A merger between an automobile manufacturer and a maker of automobile tires is an example of a:**
- Conglomerate merger.
 - Horizontal merger.
 - Vertical merger.
 - Tying contract.
- 32. Managerial economics generally refers to the integration of economic theory with business_____**
- Ethics
 - Management
 - Practice
 - All of the above
- 33. In order to offset unpredictable consumer behavior, companies invest in____**
- Market research
 - Computers
 - E-Business
 - All of the above
- 34. Responsibility always flows from**
- Superior to subordinate
 - Subordinate to superior
 - Both "A " and "B"
 - None of the above
- 35. Organisation establishes relationship between_____?**
- People, work and resources
 - Customer, work and management
 - People, work and management
 - Customer, work and management
- 36. Which of the following is an argument for outsourcing HR?**
- Developing and using e-HR can be an alternative outsourcing.
 - HR department can be freed from boring low-value-added transactional work.
 - Economies of scale can sometimes apply to outsourcing
 - Outsourcers usually have standard packages for all their clients in the same sector.
- 37. Company policy, administration, supervision, interpersonal relations, working conditions, and salary are characterized as:**
- Growth factors
 - Achievement factors
 - Hygiene factors
 - Motivating factor
- 38. Within an organisation, leadership influence will be dependent upon the type of _____ that the leader can exercise over the followers.**
- power
 - friendship
 - knowledge
 - delegation

- 39. Organisation is a process of**
- a. Identifying and grouping of work to be performed
 - b. Defining and delegating the responsibility and authority
 - c. Both "A" and "B"
 - d. None of the above
- 40. The General Manager's meeting was most likely a result of the following management function:**
- a. Organizing
 - b. Planning
 - c. Decision-Making
 - d. Controlling
- 41. The leadership style which is based on consultations with his group is called:**
- a. Autocratic style
 - b. Democratic style
 - c. Paternalistic style
 - d. None of the above
- 42. In marketing, _____ is the focal point:**
- a. Profit
 - b. Sales
 - c. Customer
 - d. All of above
- 43. The culture of a company is conveyed through?**
- a. Rites
 - b. Myths
 - c. Rituals
 - d. All of the above
- 44. The SWOT approach assesses an organization's**
- a. Speed, Wants, Order, Timing
 - b. Structure, Workforce, Organization, Types
 - c. Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Threats.
 - d. Signs, Worries, Objectives, Techniques
- 45. The management of people/labor should be handled by what department in an organization?**
- a. Administration
 - b. Human Resources
 - c. Information Systems
 - d. Accounting
- 46. The following is (are) the intangible source(s)?**
- a. Information
 - b. Time
 - c. Technology
 - d. All of the above
- 47. Feed Back of _____ is necessary to improve the quality of the product.**
- a. Customers
 - b. Employees
 - c. Investors
 - d. All of the given options

48. Refer to the below diagram. A shortage of 160 units would be encountered if price was:



- \$1.10, that is, \$1.60 minus \$0.50
- \$1.60.
- \$1.00.
- \$0.50.

49. Under perfect competition, price is determined by the interaction of total demand and ____

- Total supply
- Total cost
- Total utility
- Total production

50. Stocks are:

- promises to repay a loan.
- also known as bonds.
- issued by sole proprietorships.
- shares of ownership of a corporation.

51. Distinction between private sector and public sector is determined on the basis of ___?

- Economic system
- Motive
- Principle of pricing
- All of the above

52. The "free-rider problem" refers to the fact that:

- government subsidizes the fares of many municipal mass-transit systems.
- government arbitrarily attaches excise taxes to a select list of goods and services.
- the benefits associated with public goods cannot be denied to those who are unwilling to pay for them.
- homeless people expect free rides on lynx buses.

53. Oligopoly is a type of _____ market. A _____ exist in the industry.

- Perfect, few firms
- Imperfect, few firms
- Perfect, many firms
- Imperfect, many firms

54. ASEAN's headquarter is located in:

- Singapore
- Manilla
- Jakarta
- Kuala Lumpur

55. According to Ministry of Economy and Finance, Cambodia's real GDP growth rate in 2014

was:

- a. 7.0%
- b. 7.1%
- c. 7.3%
- d. 7.6%

56. The 2016 G20 summit is organized in which country?

- a. China
- b. The Philippines
- c. USA
- d. Japan

57. Which of these is not the function WTO?

- a. It provides mechanism for orderly adjustment of exchange rate
- b. It provides mechanism for international consultation
- c. It ensures that trade flows as smoothly, predictably and freely as possible.
- d. It is a reservoir of the currencies of all the member countries

58. Which country has the highest GDP per capita?

- a. Cambodia
- b. Brunei
- c. Singapore
- d. Malaysia

59. When Cambodia has become member of ASEAN?

- a. 1999
- b. 2000
- c. 2004
- d. Cambodia hasn't joined ASEAN yet.

60. What is the abbreviation of "British Exit"?

- a. Grexit
- b. Frexit
- c. Brexit
- d. Italexit



ANSWER SHEET

Family name: _____ First name: _____

- A. Master of Entrepreneurship and Project Management
- B. Master of Risk Management in Insurance, Banking and Finance
- C. Master of Global E-business

****Only ONE possible answer**

Q1	A	B	C	D	E	Q21	A	B	C	D
Q2	A	B	C	D	E	Q22	A	B	C	D
Q3	A	B	C	D	E	Q23	A	B	C	D
Q4	A	B	C	D	E	Q24	A	B	C	D
Q5	A	B	C	D	E	Q25	A	B	C	D
Q6	A	B	C	D	E	Q26	A	B	C	D
Q7	A	B	C	D	E	Q27	A	B	C	D
Q8	A	B	C	D	E	Q28	A	B	C	D
Q9	A	B	C	D	E	Q29	A	B	C	D
Q10	A	B	C	D	E	Q30	A	B	C	D
Q11	A	B	C	D	E	Q31	A	B	C	D
Q12	A	B	C	D	E	Q32	A	B	C	D
Q13	A	B	C	D	E	Q33	A	B	C	D
Q14	A	B	C	D	E	Q34	A	B	C	D
Q15	A	B	C	D	E	Q35	A	B	C	D
Q16	A	B	C	D	E	Q36	A	B	C	D
Q17	A	B	C	D	E	Q37	A	B	C	D
Q18	A	B	C	D	E	Q38	A	B	C	D
Q19	A	B	C	D	E	Q39	A	B	C	D
Q20	A	B	C	D	E	Q40	A	B	C	D
						Q41	A	B	C	D
						Q42	A	B	C	D
						Q43	A	B	C	D
						Q44	A	B	C	D
						Q45	A	B	C	D
						Q46	A	B	C	D
						Q47	A	B	C	D
						Q48	A	B	C	D
						Q49	A	B	C	D
						Q50	A	B	C	D
						Q51	A	B	C	D
						Q52	A	B	C	D
						Q53	A	B	C	D
						Q54	A	B	C	D
						Q55	A	B	C	D
						Q56	A	B	C	D
						Q57	A	B	C	D
						Q58	A	B	C	D
						Q59	A	B	C	D
						Q60	A	B	C	D